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BMW Motorcylce MotoMeter Odometer Gear Replacement

These pages, and the FAQ's, are strictly for suggested ways to fix your equipment. They are not intended to be absolute. The user/buyer and the use of the FAQ's and new gears are solely responsible for any damage or accuracy that may occur to their property. If you are not sure how to take something a part, ask on the many car boards that are available. The user has to keep his eyes open and use common sense.

NOTE: It is recommended to replace all of the urethane gears at the same time; Four gears (MotoMeter).

Please read the first few steps carefully as these are our most common questions we receive after a client has performed a repair and the odometer still does not work.

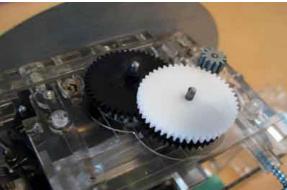
The reason the original gear or gears have failed is that they are made of urethane and lubricated with petroleum grease. This combination breaks down the urethane into a waxy substance which flakes and breaks away. This will also leave a waxy film and deposits on the shafts, gears, housing and peg on the pods.

- * Work smart, meaning have a clean area to work and the proper tools to perform the repair. General tools that will be needed depending on the vehicle are small standard screwdriver, small Phillips screwdriver, assortment of torx drivers, diagonal cutters (dikes), 1/4" socket set are just a few of the items that may be needed.
- * No grease is needed with the new gears. Our gears are made using Celcon® which has graphite mixed into the material and does not require any additional lubricant.
- * For MotoMeter units: the E1 gear is the gear that attaches to the stepper motor that drives the odometer. The original gear material would not allow the gear to hold firmly to the shaft and turn the odometer. This is why they molded the gear without the brass bushing. You need to remove this bushing in order to install the new gear. (You are going to deform the bushing so that it can be removed. Wear safety glasses because the bushing can break and fly off) With side cutters (dikes, wire cutters), squeeze brass fitting where small gear was across the diameter with a firm handshake grip. Then turn the shaft two clicks and repeat with a firm handshake grip. Put the tool down and remove the brass bushing with fingers. If it does not remove with your fingers, repeat using the side cutters until it comes off. DO NOT USE ANY TOOLS to pull the brass bushing off as this could damage the motor.
- * Make sure that you have blown the speedometer and odometer assembly clean with high pressure compressed air. *Even if you think that you have found all of the broken pieces you still need to perform this step.*
- * Wipe the area around the gears, any shaft or shafts that the gears may ride on, the motor shaft and the peg on the pod that the small gear spins on clean, using a clean cloth and rubbing alcohol. Any residue left over from the old gears can allow the new gears to stick and not allow the odometer to work.

This is the side of the speedometer removed from the cluster.

There are two small shiny flathead screws holding the clear plastic cover over the gears.





*First remove the clear cover *Remove all of the gears

*Pull the two shafts out with pliers that the larger gears were on.

!!!!!Do <u>NOT</u> try and remove the shaft that where the twelve tooth drive gear is located as this will damage the motor!!!! See instructions below

*First remove and put aside the four rubber spacers that are on the rear of the speedometer circuit board (when you are using the air compressor to clean the odometer you do not want to lose them)

Blow everything out with high pressure compressed air (DO NOT SKIP THIS STEP!)
If you do not have a compressor, see if a friend does and if not go to your mechanic and have them thoroughly blow the unit clean.

Missing this step is the #1 cause of the odometer still not working after replacing the gears.

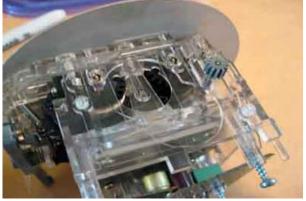
You cannot use too much pressure, we use 120 psi. Use the air throughout the unit. Any small pieces of the old gear can disable the odometer as the motor has very little to no torque.

After using the compressed air inspect the unit for any stray pieces.

*Wipe clean all areas where the gears sit: plastic cover, housing, metal shafts, plastic original gear that is not replaced. Any residue that is left from the old gears and grease can cause the new gears to stick and not work properly.



These are the gears that are not replaced in the VDO unit. If you have a MotoMeter unit then only one gear is not replaced.



With the gears and shafts removed

This is a question we get asked multiple times a day!

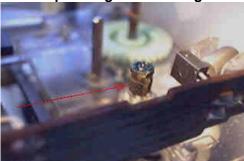
The E1 12 tooth drive gear when it goes bad it leaves a brass bushing on the shaft that has to be removed to install the new gear.

Before the next step gently push down on the shaft that the brass bushing is on. Note this play in the shaft. When you install the new gear you need to make sure that the shaft has up and down play, This is the #2 cause of the odometer still not working after replacing the gears (gear installed too far with no movement in the shaft).

* You are going to deform the bushing so that it can be removed. Wear safety glasses because the bushing can break and fly. With <u>diagonal pliers</u> (dikes, wire cutters) or <u>lineman's pliers</u> squeeze the brass bushing across the diameter with a firm handshake grip. Then turn the shaft two clicks (90 degrees) and repeat with a firm handshake grip. Put the tool down and remove the brass bushing with your fingers. If it does not remove with your fingers, repeat using the pliers method until it comes off with your fingers.

DO NOT TRY TO PULL THE BUSHING OFF WITH ANY TOOLS AS THIS WILL DAMAGE THE MOTOR.

You do not need this bushing with the new gear. Press the new gear on starting with the larger side of the hole first using your fingers, Remove the motor cover (SEE BELOW) and hold the motor shaft while pressing on the new gear.



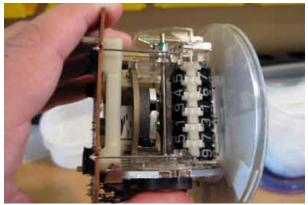
Brass gear that needs to be removed and discarded



Remove two screws that secure motor cover



Motor Cover removed



Use a finger to secure motor while pressing on new drive gear. Install the new gear to where the top of the shaft is level with the top of the gear. There needs to be a small amount of play in this shaft up and down.

*Continued on next page

- * Remove all the gears and use a shop air compressor to thoroughly clean the speedometer and odometer assembly clean.
- *Use a strong light source to check to verify that all the old debris is removed. Using a small screwdriver rotate the gears inside of the speedometer housing for the odometer and trip meter to verify that there is no debris left in between the teeth. This is very crucial as even the tiniest of the old gear will cause the odometer to either not work or only work left less than a mile.

*Remove the round cover over the motor (on opposite side of gears)

- *Holding the motor, press the small gear on to the opposite end of the shaft with your thumbs, to where the gear is flush with the top of the shaft. There needs to be a small amount of up and down movement in the shaft.
- *Reinstall the two shafts (wipe the shafts clean with a paper towel or cloth first to remove any old gear material and grease.)
- *Install the smallest OEM gear first with the small gear down. Spin the gear to make sure the assembly spins freely

*Install the next smallest gear on the opposite shaft
*Then the gear with the boss. The boss should face up to you
*Then the last gear.

Each time you install a new gear, you should spin everything to make sure the gears are smooth and turning each other and that the odometer is adding miles.

Replace both covers, reassemble the cluster and then reinstall into the vehicle. Test drive several miles to verify that everything is working correctly.



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